MORAVIA COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

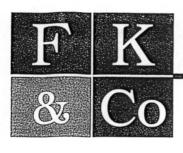
Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table of Contents

Officials		Page 3
Independent Auditor's Report		5-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis		7-14
Basic Financial Statements:	D 1 11 1	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	Exhibit	
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	A	16
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	В	17
Balance Sheet	С	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to	C	10
the Statement of Net Position	D	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	E	20
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental		
Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	21
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	•	21
Statement of Net Position	G	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund		
Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Н	23
Notes to Financial Statements	I	24
170tos to I manetal Statements		25-39
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental		
Funds and Proprietary Funds		41
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		42
Schedule of District Contributions		43 44
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension Liability		45
Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan		46
Supplementary Information:	Schedule	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	1	48
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures	-	
and Changes in Fund Balances	2	49
Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts	3	50
Capital Projects Fund Accounts: Combining Balance Sheet		
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures	4	51
and Changes in Fund Balances	5	52
Internal Service Funds:		32
Combining Schedule of Net Position	6	53
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund		
Net Position Combining Schedule of Cash Flows	7	54
Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function -	8	55
All Governmental Funds	9	56
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting		
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements		
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		57-58
Schedule of Findings		59-65
-2-		39-03
_ _ _		1

Officials

NAME	TITLE	EXPIRES				
Board of Education						
	(Before September 2015 Election)					
Steve Smith Chris Spencer John Houser Heather Marletta John Baty	President Vice-President Board Member Board Member Board Member	2015 2017 2017 2015 2015				
(After September 2015 Election)						
Chris Spencer Steve Smith John Houser Heather Marletta John Baty	President Vice-President Board Member Board Member Board Member	2017 2019 2017 2019 2019				
	School Officials					
Brad Breon	Superintendent	2016				
Christina Bickel	District Secretary/Treasurer/ Business Manager	Indefinite				
Rick Engel	Attorney	Indefinite				



FALLER, KINCHELOE & CO, PLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of
Moravia Community School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moravia Community School District (District), Moravia, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

-5-

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 7 through 14 and 41 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2015 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Another auditor previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the six years ended June 30, 2012 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 9, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Faller, Kincheloe & Co., PLC

Des Moines, Iowa February 14, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Moravia Community School District provides this Management Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2016 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$4,392,681 in fiscal year 2015 to \$4,514,759 in fiscal year 2016, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,187,586 in fiscal year 2015 to \$4,283,455 in fiscal year 2016. The District's General Fund balance increased from \$780,175 at the end of fiscal year 2015 to \$1,017,211 at the end of fiscal year 2016, a 30.4% increase.
- The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in salaries and benefits and building operation, and transportation expenses. From fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, revenue increased \$122,078.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Moravia Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Moravia Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major governmental funds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deterred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program and student construction program are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District's Enterprise Fund is the School Nutrition Fund. Internal Service Funds, the other type of proprietary fund, are optional and available to report activities that provide service for other District programs and activities. The District currently has two Internal Service Funds, the Flexible Spending Fund and the Health Insurance Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-1 below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2016 compared to June 30, 2015.

				. •	Figure A-1				
				Combined St		Net Position			
	(Expressed in Thousands)								
	-			(Expres	socu III IIIO	asanusj			
		Governm	iental	Busines	в Туре	Tota	Total		
		Activi	ties	Activi	ities	Dist	rict	Change	
		June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2015-2016	
Current and other assets	\$	3,856	4,194	50	51	2 006	4.045	0.00/	
Capital assets	Ψ					3,906	4,245	-8.0%	
-		5,991	5,807	12	12	6,003	5,819	3.2%	
Total assets		9,847	10,001	62	63	9,909	10,064	-1.5%	
Deferred outflows of resources		304	144	9	5	313	149	110.1%	
Long-term liabilities		5,774	5,468	63	20	5,837	5,488	6.4%	
Other liabilities		397	889	10	61	407	950	-57.2%	
Total liabilities		6,171	6,357	73	81	6,244	6,438	-3.0%	
Deferred infolows of resources		1,606	1,986	8	19	1,614	2,005	-19.5%	
Net position:									
Net investment in									
capital assets		2,586	2,302	12	12	2,598	2,314	12.3%	
Restricted		896	909	-	-	896	909	-1.4%	
Unrestricted		(1,108)	(1,409)	(22)	(44)	(1,130)	(1,453)	22.2%	
				/					
Total net position	\$	2,374	1,802	(10)	(32)	2,364	1,770	33.6%	

The District's total net position increased 33.6%, or approximately \$594,000, from the prior year. A large portion of the District's net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with sources other than capital assets.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The District's restricted net position decreased approximately \$13,000, or 1.4% under the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to a reduction in restricted funds for school infrastructure.

Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements – increased approximately \$323,000, or 22.2%. The negative balance in unrestricted net position was primarily a result of the District's net pension liability and other post-employment benefits liability balance at June 30, 2016.

Figure A-2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2016 compared to the year ended June 30, 2015.

Figure A-2					
Changes in Net Position					
(Expressed in Thousands)					

	Govern	mental	Business Type		Total		Total
	Activities		Activ	Activities		District	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	Change 2015-2016
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service	\$ 900	\$ 906	85	81	985	987	-0.2%
Operating grants, contributions							
and restricted interest	667	676	142	154	809	830	-2.5%
General revenues:							
Property tax	1,464	1,369	-	-	1,464	1,369	6.9%
Income surtax	138	146	-	-	138	146	-5.5%
Statewide sales, services and use tax	332	333	-	-	332	333	-0.3%
Unrestricted state grants	1,738	1,747	-	-	1,738	1,747	-0.5%
Unrestricted investment earnings	1	1	-	-	1	1	0.0%
Other	118	81	-	-	118	81	45.7%
Total revenues	5,358	5,259	227	235	5,585	5,494	1.7%
Program expenses:							
Instruction	3,188	2,970	_	_	3,188	2,970	7.3%
Support services	1,302	1,314	_	-	1,302	1,314	-0.9%
Non-instructional programs	1	1	205	240	206	241	-14.5%
Other expenses	295	306	_	-	295	306	-3.6%
Total expenses	4,786	4,591	205	240	4,991	4,831	3.3%
Change in net position	572	668	22	(5)	594	663	-10.4%
Net position beginning of year	1,802	1,134	(32)	(27)	1,770	1,107	59.9%
Net position end of year	\$ 2,374	1,802	(10)	(32)	2,364	1,770	33.6%

In fiscal 2016, property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 59.8% of governmental activities revenue while charges for service and operating grants, contributions and restricted interest accounted for 100% of the revenue from the business type activities. The District's total revenues were approximately \$5.59 million of which approximately \$5.36 million was for governmental activities and approximately \$227,000 was for business type activities.

As shown in figure A-4, the District as a whole experienced a 1.7% increase in revenues and a 3.3% increase in expenses. Property tax increased approximately \$95,000 to fund the increase in expenses. The increase in expenses is primarily related to increases in negotiated salaries and benefits.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$5,357,581 and expenses were \$4,785,785 for the year ended June 30, 2016. In a difficult budget year, the District's financial position increased due to decisions made by the District to control spending to match available revenues.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2016 compared to the year ended June 30, 2015.

				e A-3					
	Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities								
	(Expressed in Thousands)								
		Tota	1 Cost of Ser	vices	Ne	Net Cost of Services			
				Change			Change		
		2016	2015	2015-2016	2016	2015	2015-2016		
			-						
Instruction	\$	3,188	2,970	7.3%	1,775	1,539	15.3%		
Support services		1,302	1,314	-0.9%	1,292	1,308	-1.2%		
Non-instructional programs		1	1	0.0%	1	1	0.0%		
Other expenses		295	306	-3.6%	151	161	-6.2%		
Total	\$	4,786	4,591	4.2%	3,219	3,009	7.0%		
Support services Non-instructional programs Other expenses		1,302 1 295	1,314 1 306	-0.9% 0.0% -3.6%	1,292 1 151	1,308 1 161	-1.2 0.0 -6.2		

For the year ended June 30, 2016:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$899,684.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$666,872.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,933,829 in property and other tax and \$1,737,988 in unrestricted state grants.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$227,927, representing a 3.4% decrease under the prior year while expenses totaled \$205,420, a 14.7% decrease under the prior year. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues for these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

INDIVIDUAL FUND ANALYSIS

As previously noted, Moravia Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,872,878, above last year's ending fund balances of \$1,645,180. The primary reason for the decrease was the result of costs incurred for the new building project.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's improving General Fund financial position is the result of many factors.
 Growth during the year in property tax resulted in an increase in revenues. However,
 the increase in General Fund expenditures was less than the increase in revenue
 resulting to an increase in fund balance from June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016.
- The General Fund balance increased from \$780,175 to \$1,017,211 was primarily due to an increase in property taxes received by the District.
- The Capital Projects Fund balance decreased due to costs incurred for the new building project. Fiscal year 2016 ended with a balance of \$522,161. The building project was completed in fiscal year 2016.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, Moravia Community School District did not amend its annual budget.

The District's total revenues were \$625,004 less than total budgeted revenues, a variance of approximately 10%. The difference was primarily due to less local monies received than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the District had invested \$6.0 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audiovisual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-4) This represents a net increase of 3.2% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$167,397.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was approximately \$8.6 million. Governmental funds account for approximately \$8.5 million, with the remainder of approximately \$0.1 million accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

During the year, the major increase in assets was due to construction of the new building addition.

Figure A-4
Capital Assets, net of Depreciation
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities June 30,			Business Type Activities June 30,		Total District June 30,		Total Change June 30,
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2015-2016
Land Construction in progress Buildings	\$	12 - 4,904	12 3,817 1,152	-	-	12 - 4,904	12 3,817 1,152	0.0% -100.0% 325.7%
Improvements other than buildings		453	451	-	-	453	451	0.4%
Furniture and equipment		622	375	12	12	634	387	63.8%
Totals	\$	5,991	5,807	12	12	6,003	5,819	3.2%

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$3,405,000 in total long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of 2.9% from last year. (See Figure A-5) Additional information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

	Figure A-5 Outstanding Long-term Obligations (Expressed in Thousands)						
	Total		Total				
	 Distric	t	Change				
	June 30,						
	2016	2015	2015-2016				
neral obligation bonds	\$ 2,205	2,305	-4.3%				
venue bonds	 1,200	1,200	0.0%				
Totals	\$ 3,405	3,505	-2.9%				

In fiscal year 2013, the District's voters authorized the issuance of \$2,500,000 of general obligation bonds and in fiscal year 2016 the District issued \$1,200,000 in revenue bonds to pay for construction of a new elementary building addition and a new gymnasium. Planning for the project started in fiscal year 2013 and the bond proceeds were received during fiscal year 2015 and 2016. The District had total outstanding bonded indebtedness at June 30, 2016 of \$3,405,000.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

• The District expects a slight increase in enrollment due to families moving into the district as well as open enrolling into Moravia's school district.

- The continued housing development at Sundown Lake could increase tax base and enrollment.
- The Honey Creek Destination Park is located in the District. This should continue to generate an increase in the tax base due to related development in the region.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Christina Bickel, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Moravia Community School District, 505 N. Trussell, Moravia, Iowa, 52571.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

	Governmental	Business Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 2,066,686	41 122	2 107 010
Receivables:	Φ 2,000,080	41,132	2,107,818
Property tax:			
Delinquent	30,867		30,867
Succeeding year	1,344,128	_	1,344,128
Accounts	1,416	_	1,416
Due from other governments	412,965	6,635	419,600
Inventories		2,794	2,794
Capital assets, net of accumulated		,	-,
depreciation	5,991,247	12,026	6,003,273
Total assets	9,847,309	62,587	9,909,896
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows	304,411	8,898	313,309
T !- b 1954			
Liabilities Accounts payable	10.052		
Salaries and benefits payable	12,253	-	12,253
Advances from grantors	324,068	5,725	329,793
Due to other governments	5,000	-	5,000
Accrued interest payable	37,963	-	37,963
Unearned revenue	18,177	4.007	18,177
Long-term liabilities:	•	4,987	4,987
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds	105,000		105 000
Revenue bonds	•	-	105,000
Early retirement	70,000	-	70,000
Portion due after one year:	25,000	-	25,000
General obligation bonds	2,100,000		2 100 000
Revenue bonds	1,130,000	•	2,100,000
Early retirement	25,000	-	1,130,000
Net pension liability	1,761,162	51 470	25,000
Net OPEB liability	557,693	51,479 11,162	1,812,641 568,855
Total liabilities	6,171,316	73,353	6,244,669
D.C 1.Y. G CD		•	
Defered Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable property tax revenue	1,344,128		1,344,128
Pension related deferred inflows Total deferred inflows of resources	262,315	7,668	269,983
total deterred inflows of resources	1,606,443	7,668	1,614,111
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,586,247	12,026	2,598,273
Restricted:			
Nonexpendable:			
Education foundation	29,999	-	29,999
Expendable:			
Categorical funding	39,636	-	39,636
Education foundation purposes	10,878	-	10,878
Debt service	191,783	-	191,783
Management levy purposes	69,139	-	69,139
Student activities	137,707	-	137,707
School infrastructure	401,140	-	401,140
Physical plant and equipment	15,021	-	15,021
Unrestricted	(1,107,589)	(21,562)	(1,129,151)
Total net position	\$ 2,373,961	(9,536)	2,364,425
•	2,575,701	(7,000)	7,501,120

Exhibit B

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2016

					No	t (Farmanae) Barrar	
			Program Revenue	es		et (Expense) Reven Changes in Net Pos	
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted	Governmental	Business Type	
Functions / Programs:	Expenses	Service	Interest	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular instruction	\$ 2,018,035	618,478	368,266		(1,031,291)		(1,031,291)
Special instruction	401,692	50,630	138,061	-	(213,001)		(213,001)
Other instruction	767,835	221,019	15,916	-	(530,900)		(530,900)
	3,187,562	890,127	522,243	-	(1,775,192)	-	(1,775,192)
Support services:							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Student	84,912	-	-	-	(84,912)	-	(84,912)
Instructional staff Administration	111,713	-	-	-	(111,713)	-	(111,713)
Operation and maintenance of plant	538,922	-	-	-	(538,922)	-	(538,922)
Transportation	353,972	8,665	-	-	(345,307)	-	(345,307)
Transportation	212,877	892			(211,985)	-	(211,985)
	1,302,396	9,557	<u> </u>		(1,292,839)	-	(1,292,839)
Non-instructional programs	644				(644)		(644)
Other expenditures:							
Facilities acquisition	2,684				(0.604)		
Long-term debt interest	72,838	-	- 42	-	(2,684)	-	(2,684)
AEA flowthrough	144,582	-	47	-	(72,791)		(72,791)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	75,079	-	144,582	-	(75.070)	-	(55.050)
= -president (unanouncu)	295,183		144,629		(75,079)	·	(75,079)
Total governmental activities	4,785,785	899,684	666,872		(3,219,229)	<u>:</u>	(3,219,229)
Business type activities:							
Non-instructional programs:							
Food service operations	205,420	85,436	142,474			22,490	22,490
Total business type activities	205,420	85,436	142,474	-		22,490	22,490
Total	\$ 4,991,205	985,120	809,346		(3,219,229)	22,490	(3,196,739)
General Revenues and Transfers:							(2)352,1257
Property tax levied for:							
General purposes					\$ 1,264,917		1,264,917
Debt service					168,231		168,231
Capital outlay					31,215		31,215
Income surtax					137,992		137,992
Statewide sales, services and use tax					331,474		331,474
Unrestricted state grants					1,737,988		1,737,988
Unrestricted investment earnings					938	17	955
Sale of capital assets					5,732		5,732
Other					112,544	<u> </u>	112,544
Total general revenues and transfers					3,791,031	17	3,791,048
Change in net position					571,802	22,507	594,309
Net position beginning of year					1,802,159	(32,043)	1,770,116
Net position end of year					\$ 2,373,961	(9,536)	2,364,425

 $[\]cdot$ * This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit C

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

			111	
		Capital		
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$1,140,413	467,156	329,805	1,937,374
Receivables: Property tax:		,	, , , , , ,	2,227,277
Delinquent	25,286	638	4 042	20.967
Succeeding year	1,069,137	31,188	4,943 243,803	30,867
Accounts	1,009,137	51,100	190	1,344,128 200
Due from other funds	642	_	190	642
Due from other governments	358,598	54,367		412,965
Total assets	\$2,594,086	553,349	578,741	3,726,176
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 11,463	_	790	12,253
Salaries and benefits payable	324,068	_	-	324,068
Advances from grantors	5,000	_	-	5,000
Due to other governments	37,963	-	-	37,963
Due to other funds		-	642	642
Total liabilities	378,494	-	1,432	379,926
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax	1,069,137	31,188	243,803	1,344,128
Other	129,244		-	129,244
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,198,381	31,188	243,803	1,473,372
Fund balances:			20,000	20.000
Nonspendable - Education foundation Restricted for:	•	-	29,999	29,999
Categorical funding	39,636	-	-	39,636
Education foundation purposes	-	-	10,878	10,878
Debt service	-	106,000	85,783	191,783
Management levy purposes	-	-	69,139	69,139
Student activities	-	-	137,707	137,707
School infrastructure	-	401,140	-	401,140
Physical plant and equipment	-	15,021	-	15,021
Unassigned	977,575	500.161	-	977,575
Total fund balances	1,017,211	522,161	333,506	1,872,878
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$2.504.006	552 240	570 741	2 726 176
resources and fulld datances	\$2,594,086	553,349	578,741	3,726,176

Moravia Community School District		Dubibis D
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position		Exhibit D
Year ended June 30, 2016		
Total fund balances of governmental funds (page 18)		\$ 1,872,878
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		5,991,247
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of the District's flexible spending plan and partial self funding of the health insurance plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		
Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		130,528
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		129,244
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(18,177)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows:		
Deferred outflow of resources \$ Deferred inflow of resources	304,411 (262,315)	42,096
Long-term liabilities, including general obligation bonds payable, revenue bonds payable, early retirement payable, other post-employment benefits payable and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current year		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(5,773,855)
Net position of governmental activities (page 16)		\$ 2,373,961

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit E

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

		Capital		
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	\$ 1 220 726	20.000	226.620	1 500 116
Tuition	\$ 1,330,726	30,882	236,538	1,598,146
Other	667,262 39,588	22 160	224.040	667,262
State sources	2,278,705	23,169	224,040	286,797
Federal sources		331,805	2,566	2,613,076
Total revenues	198,478 4,514,759	385,856	463,144	198,478
	4,514,755	363,630	403,144	5,363,759
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,053,682	2,665	14,850	2,071,197
Special	403,388	2,003	2,697	406,085
Other	522,227		222,375	744,602
	2,979,297	2,665	239,922	3,221,884
Support services:		2,000	237,722	3,221,004
Student	85,449	_	587	86,036
Instructional staff	101,811	12,548	325	114,684
Administration	517,083		16,520	533,603
Operation and maintenance of plant	285,171	189,888	13,761	488,820
Transportation	170,062	3,518	8,907	182,487
-	1,159,576	205,954	40,100	1,405,630
Non-instructional programs		_	644	644
			<u> </u>	
Other expenditures:				
Facilities acquisition	-	180,273	-	180,273
Long-term debt:				
Principal	-	-	100,000	100,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	88,780	88,780
AEA flowthrough	144,582	-	- -	144,582
	144,582	180,273	188,780	513,635
Total expenditures	4,283,455	388,892	469,446	5,141,793
T (15:) 6				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	231,304	(3,036)	(6,302)	221,966
Other Secretary				
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets Transfers in	5,732	-		5,732
Transfers out	-	-	105,600	105,600
	-	(105,600)	-	(105,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,732	(105,600)	105,600	5,732
Change in fund balances	237,036	(108,636)	99,298	227,698
Fund balances beginning of year	780,175	630,797	234,208	1,645,180
Fund balances end of year	\$ 1,017,211	522,161	333,506	1,872,878

Moravia Community School District			
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		I	Exhibit F
Year ended June 30, 2016			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 20)		\$	227,698
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year, as follows:			
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	348,956 (164,348)		184,608
Certain revenues not collected for several months after year end are not considered available revenue and are deferred in the governmental funds.			(11,904)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			100,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	•		15,942
The current year District IPERS contributions are reported as expenditues in the governmental funds but are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.			208,229
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures of the governmental funds, as follows:			
Early retirement Pension expense Other postemployment benefits	(50,000) (115,719) (10,780)		(176,499)
The Internal Service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the District's flexible spending plan and partial self funding of the health insurance plan to individual funds. The change in net assets of the Internal Service Fund are reported in governmental activities.			22 728
			717 7770

of the Internal Service Fund are reported in governmental activities.

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 17)

23,728

\$ 571,802

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2016

Exhibit G

	A N Enter	ness - Type ctivitires onmajor prise, School	Governmental Activities
		Nutrition	Internal Service
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	41 100	
Due from other governments	\$	41,132	129,312
Accounts receivable		6,635	-
Inventories			1,216
Total current assets		2,794	100.500
Total various assocs		50,561	130,528
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		12.026	
Total noncurrent assets		12,026	-
Total assets	-	12,026	120.500
20111 110000		62,587	130,528
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows		8,898	
	-	0,090	-
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable		5,725	_
Unearned revenue		4,987	
Total current liabilities		10,712	_
		10,712	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability		51,479	_
Net OPEB liability		11,162	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	62,641	_
Total liabilities	-	73,353	_
	•	70,000	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred inflows		7,668	_
		7,000	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		10.007	
Unrestricted		12,026	100 500
Om estileted		(21,562)	130,528
Total net position	\$	(9,536)	130,528

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit H

Operating revenues: Local sources:	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise, School Nutrition	Governmental Activities Internal Service
Charges to operating funds	\$ -	
Charges for service		540,444
Charges to employees and others	85,436	21 700
Total operating revenues	85,436	21,700
a som opening revenues	03,430	562,144
Operating expenses:		
Non-instructional programs:		
Salaries	71,865	_
Benefits	7,412	_
Purchased services	5,769	_
Supplies	117,325	_
Insurance premiums	-	488,313
Medical claims	_	25,156
Flexible spending claims	_	12,179
Administrative fees	_	12,987
Depreciation	3,049	-
Total operating expenses	205,420	538,635
Operating income (loss)	(119,984)	23,509
Non-operating revenues:		
State sources	1,844	_
Federal sources	140,630	-
Interest income	17	219
Net non-operating revenues	142,491	219
Increase in net position	22,507	23,728
Net position beginning of year	(32,043)	106,800
Net position end of year	\$ (9,536)	130,528

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit I

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

		siness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enter	Nonmajor prise, School Nutrition	Internal Service
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$	85,745	-
Cash received from operating fund reimbursements		-	540,444
Cash received from employees and others		-	22,710
Cash payments to suppliers for services		-	(538,635)
Cash payments to employees for services		(97,433)	-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(123,749)	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(135,437)	24,519
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
State grants received		1,844	-
Federal grants received		140,525	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		142,369	-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,800)	-
Cook flows from investigate attition			
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments			010
interest on investments		17	219
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4.140	24 729
The merease in easi and easi equivalents		4,149	24,738
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		36,983	104,574
out and out of a various at boginning of your		30,983	104,574
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	41,132	129,312
		11,102	127,012
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(119,984)	23,509
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ	(115,501)	25,505
cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Commodities used		4,524	_
Depreciation		3,049	_
Decrease in accounts receivable		-	1,010
Increase in inventories		(380)	.,,,,,
Decrease in accounts payable		(4,799)	-
Decrease in salaries and benefits payable		(4,629)	_
Increase in unearned revenue		309	-
Increase in net pension liability		1,637	-
Increase in deferred outflows of resources		(3,824)	-
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources		(11,340)	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(135,437)	24,519

Non-cash investing, capital and related financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District received \$4,524 of federal commodities.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Moravia Community School District (District) is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the City of Moravia, Iowa, and the predominate agricultural territory in Appanoose, Davis and Monroe Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District has one component unit which meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – The Moravia Education Foundation (Foundation) is included in the financial statements of the District because its relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The members and Board of Directors of the Foundation consist of the members of the District's Board of Education. In addition, the purpose of the Foundation is to support the activities of the District.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> – The District participates in jointly governed organizations which provide services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Appanoose, Davis and Monroe County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. All enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor enterprise funds. All internal service funds are aggregated and reported as governmental activities in the proprietary funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Projects Fund accounts.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally the District reports three non-major proprietary funds. The Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District. The Internal Service, Flexible Spending Fund is utilized to account for employee flexible benefits. The Internal Service, Health Insurance Fund is used to account for costs associated with the District's partial self-funded health insurance program. The Internal Service Funds are charged back to the Governmental Funds and shown combined in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting journal entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments</u> – The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> – Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 ½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2014 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2015.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed or used rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment and intangibles are reported in applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 2,500
Buildings	2,500
Improvements other than buildings	2,500
Intangibles	25,000
Furniture and equipment:	•
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	2,500

Captial assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Intangibles Furniture and equipment	50 years 20-50 years 5-10 years 5-15 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> – Payroll and related expenditures for teachers and other District personnel with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

Advances from Grantors – Grant proceeds which have been received by the District but will be spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – District employees accumulate a limited amount of vacation time; however, the unused amounts are not paid at termination, death or retirement. Consequently, no accrual is made in the financial statements for compensated absences.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of income surtax, as well as property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2016 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the deposits to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Interest rate risk — The District's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the District.

At June 30, 2016, the District had investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust Diversified Portfolio Fund which are valued at an amortized cost of \$45,210, pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdraws of ISJIIT investments. The investment on the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services.

The Foundation invests in a checking account, money market account and stock. At June 30, 2016, the cost of the stock was \$25,174, and the fair value was \$5,765. The District uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The recurring fair value of the stock was determined using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs).

(3) Due From and Due to Other Funds

The detail of interfund receivable and payable at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Debt Service	\$ 642

The above represents monies due from one fund to another fund as a result of a deficit cash balance in a pooled cash bank account.

(4) Interfund Transfers

The detail of the interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$ 105,600

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

(5) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	D. 1			
	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	_		End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	Φ 10.110			
Construction in progress	\$ 12,448	-	-	12,448
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,816,924	-	(3,816,924)	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,829,372	-	(3,816,924)	12,448
Conital assets haire demonstrated				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,834,900	3,827,576	-	6,662,476
Improvements other than buildings	737,003	37,901	-	774,904
Furniture and equipment	765,213	300,403	(15,000)	1,050,616
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,337,116	4,165,880	(15,000)	8,487,996
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,682,871	75,079	-	1,757,950
Improvements other than buildings	286,353	35,977		322,330
Furniture and equipment	390,625	53,292	(15,000)	428,917
Total accumulated depreciation	2,359,849	164,348	(15,000)	2,509,197
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,977,267	4,001,532	-	5,978,799
				-,,,,,,,
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,806,639	4,001,532	(3,816,924)	5,991,247
			7	-,,
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 127,694	2,800		130,494
Less accumulated depreciation	115,419	3,049		
	113,419	3,049	-	118,468
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,275	(240)		12.026
= some spe dentities capital assets, not	Φ 12,275	(249)	-	12,026
Depreciation aymones was above die de C	11			
Depreciation expense was charged to the fo	nowing function	is:		
Community				
Government activities:				
Instruction:				
Other			\$ 11,701	
Support services:				
Operation and maintenance of plan	nt		41,996	
Transportation			35,572	
Unallocated			89,269	
Ollahocated			75,079	
The state of the s				
Total depreciation expense - governi	mental activities		\$ 164,348	
Business type activities:				
Food service operations			\$ 3,049	
1			7 2,0.5	

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due
	Beginning			End	Within
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	of Year	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$2,305,000	-	100,000	2,205,000	105,000
Revenue bonds	1,200,000	-	-	1,200,000	70,000
Early retirement	-	50,000	-	50,000	25,000
Net pension liability	1,416,091	345,071	_	1,761,162	
Net OPEB liability	546,913	12,010	1,230	557,693	-
Total	\$5,468,004	407,081	101,230	5,773,855	200,000
	Balance			Balance	Due
	Beginning			End	Within
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	of Year	One Year
Business type activities:				11	2
Net pension liability	\$ 49,842	1,637		51,479	
Net OPEB liability	11,162		-	11,162	_
				1 - 1,102	
Total	\$ 61,004	1,637	-	62,641	

General Obligation Bonds

Details of the District's June 30, 2016 general obligation indebtedness is as follows:

	Bond Issue of July 1, 2013						
Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	ī	Principal	Interest	Total		
	Antorope Attaco		тиограг	Interest	Total		
2017	3.50%	\$	105,000	62,303	167,303		
2018	3.00%		110,000	58,628	168,628		
2019	2.00%		110,000	55,328	165,328		
2020	2.00%		115,000	53,128	168,128		
2021	2.00%		115,000	50,828	165,828		
2022-2026	2.10-3.00%		625,000	215,078	840,078		
2027-2031	3.00-3.25%		710,000	122,525	832,525		
2032-2033	3.40%		315,000	16,150	331,150		
Total		\$	2,205,000	633,968	2,838,968		

Revenue Bonds

Details of the District's June 30, 2016 statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonded indebtedness are as follows:

	Bond Issue of				
		A	pril 1, 2015		
Year Ending					
June 30,	Interest Rates		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	0.70%	\$	70,000	25,725	95,725
2018	1.00%		80,000	25,080	105,080
2019	1.20%		80,000	24,200	104,200
2020	1.40%		80,000	23,160	103,160
2021	1.70%		80,000	21,920	101,920
2022-2026	2.00-2.60%		425,000	82,785	507,785
2027-2030	2.80-3.00%		385,000	23,250	408,250
					-
Total		_\$	1,200,000	226,120	1,426,120

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$1,200,000 of bonds issued in April, 2016. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of a school building addition. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through July 1, 2029. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 6% of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,426,120. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds and total statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$19,478 and \$331,474, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- a) \$106,000 of the proceeds from the issuance of the revenue bonds shall be deposited to a reserve account to be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available in the sinking account. The balance of the proceeds shall be deposited to the project account.
- b) All proceeds from the statewide sales, services and use tax shall be placed in a revenue account.
- c) Monies in the revenue account shall be disbursed to make deposits into a sinking account to pay the principal and interest requirements of the revenue bonds for the fiscal year.
- d) Any monies remaining in the revenue account after the required transfer to the sinking account may be transferred to the project account to be used for any lawful purpose.

The District did not comply with all of the revenue bond provisions during the year ended June 30, 2016. The District did not properly make transfers to the sinking account as required.

Early Retirement

The District offered a voluntary early retirement plan to its certified employees. Eligible employees must be at least age fifty-five and must have completed twenty years of full-time service to the District. Employees must complete an application which is subject to approval by the Board of Education. Early retirement incentives are equal to \$800 per year of service up to a maximum of \$25,000. The early retirement incentive is paid in two equal installments, on July 15th of the year of retirement and on the subsequent July 15. Early retirement incentive benefits paid during the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$0. At June 30, 2016, the District had obligations to two participants with a total liability of \$50,000.

(7) Operating Lease

The District entered into a lease on April 26, 2012 to lease copier equipment at \$1,092 per month. The lease has been classified as an operating lease and, accordingly, all rents are charged to expense as incurred. In fiscal year 2017, the scheduled lease payments are \$13,106. The lease expires on June 26, 2017.

During the fiscal year, total expenditures incurred in relation to this lease agreement was \$12,548.

(8) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will
 use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year
 average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2016, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the District contributed 8.93% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 14.88%.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$225,138.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions — At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$1,812,641 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.0366895%, which was a decrease of 0.000274% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the District recognized pension expense of \$119,101. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 27,387	· -
Changes of assumptions	49,907	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS' investments	_	150,859
Changes in proportion and diffferences between		
District contributions and the District's proportionate share of contributions	10,877	119,124
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 225,138	-
Total	\$ 313,309	269,983

\$225,138 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2017	\$ (84,147)
2018	(84,147)
2019	(84,147)
2020	69,041
2021	 1,588
	\$ (181,812)

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2014)	3.00% per annum.
Rates of salary increase (effective June 30, 2010)	4.00 to 17.00%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 1996)	7.50% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage growth (effective June 30, 1990)	4.00% per annum, based on 3.00% inflation and 1.00% real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected	
Tablet Chas	Asset Anocation	Real Rate of Return	
Core plus fixed income	28 %	2.04 %	
Domestic equity	24	6.29	
International equity	16	6.75	
Private equity/debt	11	11.32	
Real estate	8	3.48	
Credit opportunities	5	3.63	
U.S. TIPS	5	1.91	
Other real assets	2	6.24	
Cash	1	(0.71)	
Total	100 %		

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$3,173,609	1,812,641	663,887

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to IPERS</u> - At June 30, 2016, the District reported payables to IPERS of \$0 for legally required District contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

(9) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees and retirees and their spouses. There are 47 active and 1 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a partially-insured plan with United Healthcare, with the District covering the difference in amounts for purchased plans with those paid by employees. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	31,980
Interest on net OPEB obligation		13,945
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(33,915)
Annual OPEB cost		12,010
Contributions made		(1,230)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		10,780
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		558,075
Net OPEB obligation end of year	_\$	568,855

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District contributed \$1,230 to the medical plan. Plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$0, or \$0% of the premium costs.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

Year		Percentage of	Net
Ended	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
June 30,	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$ 27,408	0.0%	\$ 526,100
2015	31,975	0.0%	558,075
2016	12,010	10.2%	568,855

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability was \$116,859, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$116,859. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2.209 million and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 5.29%. As of June 30, 2016, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 2.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The ultimate medical trend rate is 6%.

Mortality rates are from the 94 GAM Table projected to 2005 to the RP2000 table projected to 2015, applied on a gender-specific basis.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$715 per month for retirees less than age 65. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on a closed group method over 30 years.

(10) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has a partially self-funded health insurance program. The District funds the difference between the deductible and the out-of-pocket maximum on the plan chosen by the employee and the plan actually purchased by the District. The differences consist of a maximum District cost of \$2,000 for a single plan and \$4,000 for a family plan. The financial activity of this plan is accounted for in the Internal Service, Health Insurance Fund. The reserve for future casualty losses was \$118,179 at June 30, 2016.

(11) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$144,582 for the year ended June 30, 2016 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(12) Foundation

The Foundation is a 501 (c) 3 organization reported as a Special Revenue Fund in the financial statements. The purpose of the Foundation is to provide advancement, enhancement, or support to education in the District. The bylaws state that 90% of the realized income will be used to support grants, and 10% will be reinvested in the fund, along with the original principal amount. At June 30, 2016, the District determined that \$29,999 of the total amount in this fund must remain in perpetuity to fund the activities of the foundation. This amount is reported as a nonspendable fund balance on the balance sheet.

(13) Deficit Unrestricted Net Position

In the Statement of Net Position, the District had a deficit unrestricted net position in its Governmental Activities of \$1,107,589 and a deficit unrestricted net position in its Business Type Activities of \$21,562 at June 30, 2016. The reason for these deficit net positions is due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions — an Amendment of GASB No. 27 during fiscal year 2015, which requires all school districts and other governmental entities in the state of Iowa who contribute to IPERS to show their proportionate share of the IPERS funding deficit as a liability on each entity's financials beginning in fiscal year 2015.

(14) Categorical Funding

The District's restricted fund balance for categorical funding at June 30, 2016 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	Am	ount
Drop Out Prevention Program Successful Progression for Early Readers Professional Development for Model Core Curriculum Professional Development	\$	5,273 5,171 5,145 24,047
Total	\$	39,636

(15) Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through February 14, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(16) New Accounting Pronouncement

The District adopted fair value guidance as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>. The Statement sets forth guidance for determining and disclosing the fair value of assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements. Adoption of the guidance did not have a significant impact on amounts reported or disclosed in the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2016

				Less		Original/	
	Governmental	Proprietary		Funds Not		Final	Budget to
	Funds	Funds	Total	Required to		Budgeted	Net
	Actual	Actual	Actual	be Budgeted	Net	Amounts	Variance
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 2,552,205	647,816	3,200,021	562,363	2,637,658	3,210,645	(572.987)
State sources	2,613,076	1,844	2,614,920	•	2,614,920	2,537,045	77.875
Federal sources	198,478	140,630	339,108	•	339,108	469,000	(129,892)
Total revenues	5,363,759	790,290	6,154,049	562,363	5,591,686	6,216,690	(625,004)
Expenditures/Expenses:							
Instruction	3,221,884	•	3,221,884	٠,	3,221,884	3.660.000	438,116
Support services	1,405,630	•	1,405,630	•	1,405,630	1.754,000	348.370
Non-instructional programs	644	744,055	744,699	538,635	206,064	280,000	73,936
Other expenditures	513,635		513,635	•	513,635	917,585	403,950
Total expenditures/expenses	5,141,793	744,055	5,885,848	538,635	5,347,213	6,611,585	1,264,372
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	221,966	46,235	268,201	23,728	244,473	(394,895)	639,368
Other financing sources (uses), net	5,732		5,732	•	5,732	(58,793)	64,525
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures/							
expenses and other financing uses	227,698	46,235	273,933	23,728	250,205	(453,688)	703,893
Balances beginning of year	1,645,180	74,757	1,719,937	106,800	1,613,137	3,183,571	(1,570,434)
Balances end of year	\$ 1,872,878	120,992	1,993,870	130,528	1,863,342	2,729,883	(866,541)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2016

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service, Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The Moravia Community School District's (District) budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District did not adopt a budget amendment.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures did not exceed the amount budgeted in any program function.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Two Years* (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.036690%	0.036963%
District's proportionate share of the net		
pension liability	\$ 1,813	1,466
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 2,514	2,419
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	72.12%	60.61%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.19%	87.61%
polision haomity	85.19%	87.61%

^{* -} In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

Moravia Community School District

Schedule of District Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 225	224	216	202	181	170	114	139	124	109
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(225)	(224)	(216)	(202)	(181)	(170)	(114)	(139)	(124)	(109)
Contribution deficiency (excess)			•	'		'	٠		•	•
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,521	2,514	2,419	2,330	2,243	2,446	1,714	2,189	2,050	1,896
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.67%	8.07%	6.95%	6.65%	6.35%	6.05%	5.75%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2016

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Legislative action in 2008 transferred four groups – emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators and National Guard installation security officers – from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual actuarial contribution rate in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

			Actuarial			·	UAAL as a
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Year	Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Ended	Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
June 30,	Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
2010	July 1, 2009	-	\$ 1,167	1,167	0.0%	\$ 1,961	59.5%
2011	July 1, 2009	_	1,167	1,167	0.0%	2,515	46.4%
2012	July 1, 2009	-	1,167	1,167	0.0%	2,244	52.0%
2013	July 1, 2012	_	96	96	0.0%	2,018	4.7%
2014	July 1, 2012	-	96	96	0.0%	2,096	4.6%
2015	July 1, 2012	_	96	96	0.0%	2,195	4.0%
2016	July 1, 2015	-	117	117	0.0%	2,193	5.3%

See Note 9 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

Supplementary Information

Schedule 1

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

			pecial Revenue			
	N	Moravia	peciai Revenue	+		
		ducation	Student	Management		
		undation	Activity	Levy	Debt Service	Total
			11011111	Berj	Decr del vice	20141
Assets						
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	40,877	138,307	67,636	82,985	329,805
Delinquent		_	_	1,503	3,440	4,943
Succeeding year		-	_	75,000	168,803	243,803
Accounts			190		-	190
Total assets	\$	40,877	138,497	144,139	255,228	578,741
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	s					
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$		790			790
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	-		642	642
Total liabilities		-	790	-	642	1,432
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues:						
Succeeding year property tax		-		75,000	168,803	243,803
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	75,000	168,803	243,803
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable - Education foundation Restricted for:		29,999	-	-	-	29,999
Education foundation purposes		10,878	-	[-]		10,878
Debt service		-	-	1-	85,783	85,783
Management levy purposes		-	-	69,139	-	69,139
Student activities		-	137,707			137,707
Total fund balances		40,877	137,707	69,139	85,783	333,506
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	40,877	138,497	144,139	255,228	578,741

Schedule 2

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

			Special Revenue			
		oravia				
		cation	Student	Management		
	Fou	ndation	Activity	Levy	Debt Service	Total
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$		_	70,104	166,434	236,538
Other		1,500	221,019	1,463	58	224,040
State sources		-		780	1,786	2,566
Total revenues		1,500	221,019	72,347	168,278	463,144
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		4,333	_	10,517	_	14,850
Special		-,555	_	2,697		2,697
Other		-	218,951	3,424	_	222,375
Support services:			210,751	3,424	_	222,373
Student			_	587	_	587
Instructional staff			_	325	_	325
Administration		_	_	16,520	_	16,520
Operation and maintenance of plant		_	_	13,761		13,761
Transportation		_	-	8,907	_	8,907
Non-instructional programs			_	644	_	644
Other expenditures:				011		011
Long-term debt:						
Principal					100,000	100,000
Interest and fiscal changes		-	_]	88,780	88,780
Total expenditures		4,333	218,951	57,382	188,780	469,446
	-	1,000	210,731	37,502	100,700	402,440
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(2,833)	2,068	14,965	(20,502)	(6,302)
(-	(2,000)	2,000	11,505	(20,302)	(0,302)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		_	_	1	105,600	105,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-			105,600	105,600
z own owner minioning bourees (usos)					103,000	103,000
Change in fund balances		(2,833)	2,068	14,965	85,098	99,298
Fund balances beginning of year		43,710	135,639	54,174	685	234,208
Fund balances end of year	\$	40,877	137,707	69,139	85,783	333,506

Schedule 3

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2016

		Balance				
A	Beg	ginning of	_		Intra-Fund	Balance End
Account		Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers	of Year
Interest	\$	384	80	137	_	327
Variety Show		3,866	1,532	1,081	-	4,317
Adopt-a-book		569	100	-,007		669
Band Trip		10,810	21,104	15,346	-	16,568
Show Choir		615	1,625	1,448	-	792
Yearbook		10,665	5,890	5,473		11,082
Football Cheerleaders		1,021	465	418	_	1,068
Basketball Cheerleaders		_	662	272	_	390
Wrestling Cheerleaders		388	-	388	_	
Drama		142	·		-	142
Spanish Club		103	_	_	_	103
FFA		34,157	15,296	28,220	_	21,233
FCCLA		436	403	420	-	419
Academic Dream		978	1,158	1,055	-	1,081
Student Council		1,485	4,103	2,832	_	2,756
Student Development		865	274	483	-	656
Elementary		12,354	15,477	14,401	-	13,430
Concessions		267	23,952	23,455		764
Class of 2016		10,997	12,880	23,457	-	420
Class of 2017		7,650	8,282	4,008	-	11,924
Class of 2018		4,329	4,394	1,533	-	7,190
Class of 2019		6,819	3,454	550	_	9,723
Class of 2020		212	723	255	-	680
Class of 2021		503	260	-	-	763
Class of 2021		-	188	_	-	188
High School Activity		2,583	5,774	4,640	-	3,717
Speech Club		26	-	-	-	26
National Honor Society		385	3,139	2,683	-	841
Boys Track		112	-	-,	-	112
Athletics		12,211	52,523	53,083		11,65
Junior High Volleyball		309	488	430	_	367
Junior High Wrestling		-	1,000	879	-	121
Boys Basketball		837	7,295	4,903		3,229
High School Football		759	13,349	9,561	_	4,54
Baseball		498	1,474	1,964	_	.,
Wrestling		2,023	6,642	6,956	-	1,709
Girls Basketball		1,672	1,123	1,256	_	1,539
Volleyball		2,262	1,425	1,691	_	1,990
Softball		781	2,160	2,708	_	233
Cross Country		10	632	105	_	53′
Girls Track		14	370	341		4:
Golf		1,542	1,323	2,519	-	340
Total	\$	135,639	221,019	218,951	_	137,70

Schedule 4

Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Fund Accounts

June 30, 2016

			Capital Projects	
	State	wide Sales,	Physical Plant	
		rvices and	and Equipment	
		Jse Tax	Levy	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	452,773	14,383	467,156
Receivables:	,	,,,,,	. ,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Property tax:				
Delinquent		_	638	638
Succeeding year		_	31,188	31,188
Due from other governments		54,367	-	54,367
5				
Total assets	\$	507,140	46,209	553,349
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances				
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax	\$	-	31,188	31,188
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	31,188	31,188
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		106,000		106,000
School infrastructure		,		401,140
		401,140	15 021	15,021
Physical plant and equipment Total fund balances		507 140	15,021 15,021	522,161
total fund balances		507,140	13,021	322,101
Total deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$	507,140	46,209	553,349

Schedule 5

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Capital Projects Fund Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2016

	-	Capital Projects	
	Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
Local tax	\$ -	30,882	30,882
Other	23,167	2	23,169
State sources	331,474	331	331,805
Total revenues	354,641	31,215	385,856
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular		2,665	2,665
Support services:		2,003	2,003
Instructional staff	12,548		12,548
Operation and maintenance of plant	181,932	7,956	189,888
Transportation	101,932	3,518	3,518
Other expenditures:	-	3,310	3,310
Facilities acquisition	159,725	20,548	180,273
Total expenditures	354,205	34,687	388,892
Total expelicitures	334,203	34,007	300,092
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	436	(3,472)	(3,036)
Other financing sources (vess)			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	(105 (00)		(105 (00)
	(105,600)		(105,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(105,600)	-	(105,600)
Change in fund balances	(105,164)	(3,472)	(108,636)
Fund balances beginning of year	612,304	18,493	630,797
Fund balances end of year	\$ 507,140	15,021	522,161

Schedule 6

Combining Schedule of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2016

		Internal Service Funds		
	F	lexible	Health	
	S	pending	Insurance	Total
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,133	118,179	129,312
Accounts receivable		1,216	1	1,216
Total assets		12,349	118,179	130,528
Net Position				
Unrestricted		12,349	118,179	130,528
Total net position	\$	12,349	118,179	130,528

Schedule 7

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Internal Service Funds		
	Flexible	Health	
	Spending	Insurance	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges to operating funds	\$ -	540,444	540,444
Charges to employees and others	12,896	8,804	21,700
Total operating revenues	12,896	549,248	562,144
Operating expenses:			
Non-instructional programs:			
Insurance premiums	_	488,313	488,313
Medical claims		25,156	25,156
Flexible spending claims	12,179	23,130	111 -
Administrative fees	12,179	10.007	12,179
Total operating expenses	10.170	12,987	12,987
Total operating expenses	12,179	526,456	538,635
Operating income	717	22,792	23,509
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , ,
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest income	-	219	219
Net non-operating revenues		219	219
1 0		217	217
Increase in net position	717	23,011	23,728
Net position beginning of year	11,632	95,168	106,800
Net position ending of year	\$ 12,349	118,179	130,528
F	Ψ 12,547	110,179	150,520

Schedule 8

Combining Schedule of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Year ended June 30, 2016

		Ir	nternal Service Funds	
	Fl	exible	Health	
	Sp	ending	Insurance	Total
Cook flows from anausting activities				
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from operating fund reimbursements	\$		540,444	540,444
Cash received from employees and others		13,906	8,804	22,710
Cash payments to suppliers for services		(12,179)		(538,635)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,727	22,792	24,519
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments			210	210
interest on investments	.——		219	219
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,727	23,011	24,738
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		9,406	95,168	104,574
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	11,133	118,179	129,312
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	717	22,792	23,509
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	Ψ	/1/	22,172	25,509
to net cash provided by operating activities				
Decrease in accounts receivable		1,010	_	1,010
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,727	22,792	24,519

Schedule 9

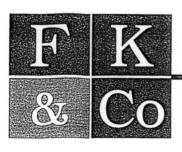
Moravia Community School District

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Ten Years

					Modified A	Modified Accris Basis				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Revenues:										
Local sources:	\$1.598.146	1.497.584	1.483.286	1.613.614	1.654.654	1.525.122	1.437.914	1.351.362	1.280.131	1.228.530
Tuition	667,262	671,815	575,585	439,156	459,136	398,636	362,679	301,352	222,893	289,844
Other	286,797	250,833	271,349	258,316	258,627	233,000	242,574	205,313	204,157	230,243
State sources	2,613,076	2,602,913	2,358,430	2,087,482	2,112,133	1,922,751	1,579,743	1,878,423	1,664,519	1,586,760
Federal sources	198,478	219,219	224,276	330,550	247,726	329,958	441,479	252,528	172,633	248,164
Total	\$5,363,759	5,242,364	4,912,926	4,729,118	4,732,276	4,409,467	4,064,389	3,988,978	3,544,333	3,583,541
:										
Expenditures:										
Regular	\$2.071.197	2,015,647	1,889,340	1,995,128	1,882,591	1,789,589	1,664,066	1,603,477	1,548,758	1,355,157
Special	406,085	403,574	379,630	375,493	358,831	378,541	541,244	530,048	331,114	398,202
Other	744,602	728,663	733,555	676,257	608,117	553,178	531,272	589,668	566,413	489,379
Support services:										
Student	86,036	87,787	81,096	102,875	101,275	97,084	74,262	13,846	90,307	85,143
Instructional staff	114,684	126,894	143,948	159,860	188,503	103,743	93,135	85,674	29,639	28,090
Administration	533,603	514,690	499,630	464,596	431,985	417,788	410,919	416,614	436,077	459,719
Operation and maintenance of plant		393,193	333,276	344,838	355,551	246,005	207,547	224,937	247,452	221,922
Transportation		199,514	323,060	306,474	227,177	246,979	248,293	186,508	194,660	137,340
Non-instructional programs	644	838	853	795	515	617	682	475	482	457
Other expenditures:										
Facilities acquisition	180,273	3,184,582	460,913	47,468	100,448	103,220	81,683	102,337	230,147	58,392
Long-term debt:										
Principal	100,000	100,000	95,000	55,000	90,000	90,000	85,000	85,000	85,000	80,000
Interest and other charges	88,780	114,601	145,942	2,644	5,975	9,030	11,784	14,378	16,935	18,634
AEA flowthrough	144,582	144,768	134,168	131,236	126,933	132,313	122,476	111,392	103,255	96,106
Total	\$5.141,793	8,014,751	5,220,411	4,662,664	4,477,901	4,168,087	4,072,363	3,964,354	3,880,239	3,458,541
Tom										

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



FALLER, KINCHELOE & CO, PLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of
Moravia Community School District:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moravia Community School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (A), (B), (D), (E) and (F) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (C) and (G) to be significant deficiencies.

-57-

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Faller, Kincheloe & Co., PLC

Des Moines, Iowa February 14, 2017

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

- (A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> One important aspect of internal accounting control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. One individual has control over each of the following areas for the Moravia Community School District (District):
 - (1) Cash initiating cash disbursement transactions and recording cash.
 - (2) Investments investing, detailed recordkeeping, custody of investments and reconciling earnings.
 - (3) Receipts recording, journalizing, posting and reconciling.
 - (4) Disbursements purchase order processing, check preparation, mailing and recording.
 - (5) Capital assets purchasing, recording and reconciling.
 - (6) Long-term debt recording, reconciling and performing cash functions.
 - (7) Wire transfers processing and approving.
 - (8) Payroll recording approved pay rates and deductions, recordkeeping, preparation, posting and distribution.
 - (9) Transfers preparing and approving.
 - (10) Financial reporting preparing, reconciling and approving.
 - (11) Computer systems performing all general accounting functions and controlling all data input and output.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the District should review its procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing current personnel, including elected officials.

<u>Response</u> – We will continue to review our procedures and implement additional controls where possible.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(B) Moravia Education Foundation – A double entry accounting system is not used by the Moravia Education Foundation (Foundation). As a result, the District was unable to prepare accurate financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for the Foundation for the year ended June 30, 2016.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Foundation should implement a double entry accounting system, and prepare financial statements on a monthly and yearly basis.

<u>Response</u> – We will attempt to implement this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

(C) Student Activity Fund – For Activity Fund fundraisers, there are no documented procedures in place to reconcile the cash receipts to the amount of money that should have been collected based on the quantity of merchandise purchased for resale or gross profit percentage.

Recommendation – The District should implement procedures for fundraisers which documents the reconciliation of actual monies collected to the amount of money that should have been collected based on quantity of merchandise purchased for resale or gross profit percentages.

Response - We will review this area.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged.

(D) <u>Admission Tickets</u> – Admission tickets were not consistently issued for athletic events.

Recommendation – The District should issue pre-numbered admission tickets for athletic events. The District should then reconcile the dollar value of pre-numbered admission tickets issued to the dollar amount of cash deposited to the bank account.

<u>Response</u> – We will implement these recommendations.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(E) Preparation of Full Disclosure Financial Statements – Internal controls over financial reporting include the actual preparation and review of financial statements, including footnote disclosure, for external reporting, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The District does not have the internal resources to prepare the full-disclosure financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles for external reporting. While this circumstance is not uncommon for most governmental entities, it is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to prepare reliable financial data, or accept the risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Recommendation – We recognize that with a limited number of office employees, gaining sufficient knowledge and expertise to properly select and apply accounting principles in preparing full-disclosure financial statements for external reporting purposes is difficult. However, we recommend that District officials continue to review operating procedures and obtain the internal expertise needed to handle all the aspects of external financial reporting, rather than rely on external assistance.

<u>Response</u> – We recognize our limitations, however, it is not fiscally responsible to add additional staff for this purpose.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(F) <u>Financial Reporting/Bank Reconciliations</u> – During the audit, we identified material amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, fixed assets and long-term debt amounts not properly recorded in the District's financial statements. Adjustments were subsequently made by the District to properly include these amounts in the financial statements.

In addition, the District included several hundred thousand dollars of reconciling items on the June 30, 2016 bank reconciliation which were not reconciling items as of June 30, 2016. As a result, material adjustments were also made to the bank reconciliations as of June 30, 2016.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should implement procedures to ensure all balances and transactions are identified and included in the District's financial statements. The District should also ensure that accurate bank reconciliations are performed on a monthly basis.

Response – We will double check these in the future to avoid missing any of these types of transactions.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(G) <u>General Fixed Assets</u> – The District does not have a detail listing of general fixed assets. As a result, the District is unable to physically compare the general fixed assets on hand with the listing of general fixed assets.

<u>Recommendation</u> – A general fixed asset listing should be maintained. The general fixed assets should then be periodically counted and reconciled to the general fixed asset listing by a person who does not have custody of the general fixed assets.

Response – We will implement these recommendations.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any program function.
- (2) Questionable Disbursement No expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (3) <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of Moravia Community School District (District) officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- (4) <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount
Steve Smith, Board Member	Coaching	\$ 5,989
John Baty, Board Member Owner of Baty Electric	Repair/Maintenance	6,280

In accordance with Chapter 279.7A of the Code of Iowa, the above transactions with Mr. Smith and Mr. Baty appear to represent conflicts of interest.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should contact legal counsel regarding the above related party transactions with the Board members to determine what, if any, corrective action is needed.

Response - We will discuss this with our School Attorney.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

- (5) <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- (6) <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- (7) <u>Certified Enrollment</u> No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- (8) <u>Supplementary Weighting</u> No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- (9) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> Except as noted below, no instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.

The District did not include one depository on the depository resolution.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

<u>Recommendation</u> – To be in compliance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa, the District should implement procedures to ensure the depository resolutions include all depositories.

Response - We will implement this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

- (10) <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.
- (11) Categorical Funding No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds. However, in some cases the District did not record expenditures related to categorical funding until the end of the fiscal year. The Iowa Department of Education requires that all categorical funding be recorded to specific account codes. Since the District did not record categorical funding to specific account codes during the year, it appears that the District is not in compliance with the Iowa Department of Education requirements.

Recommendation – The District should contact the Iowa Department of Education regarding corrective action to be taken.

Response – We will implement this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(12) <u>Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax</u> – No instances of non-compliance with the allowable uses of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provided in Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR including adjustments identified during the fiscal year 2016 audit:

Beginning balance		\$ 612,304
Revenues/transfers in:		
Sales tax revenues	\$ 331,474	
Other local revenues	23,167	354,641
		966,945
Expenditures:		
Equipment	191,065	
School infrastructure construction	159,725	
Other	3,415	
Interfund transfer out	105,600	459,805
Ending balance		\$ 507,140

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

(13) <u>Financial Condition</u> – As noted on the Statement of Net Position, the Governmental Activities had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$1,107,589 at June 30, 2016. The Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$21,562 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should continue to investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return the funds to a sound financial condition.

Response – The District will try to decrease expenditures and increase revenues so the Governmental Activities and the Nutrition Fund in order to not show a deficit balance at year-end.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(14) Revenue Bonds – The District did not make the required monthly transfers from the revenue account to the sinking account as required by the bond resolutions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should make the monthly transfers to the sinking account as required by the bond resolutions.

Response - We will begin making transfers to a sinking account.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(15) Student Activity Fund – An instance was noted where the District gave a significant amount of cash to students. In this instance, the students were on a trip, which was paid for from the Special Revenue, Student Activity Fund. The Department of Education notes that "it is never appropriate for a school district to give cash to student members of activity groups."

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should follow the advice of the Department of Education and do not give cash to student members of activity groups.

Response – We will review this.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(16) <u>Checks</u> – The Board President does not sign some of the District checks, as required by Chapter 291.1 of the Code of Iowa

Recommendation - The Board President should sign all District checks, as required by the Code of Iowa.

Response – For one account, this was an oversight on our part. We will implement this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

(17) Real Estate Sale – The District sold real estate for \$5,000 in the fiscal year. The District deposited the proceeds from the sale of this real estate to the General Fund. However, Chapter 297.22 of the Code of Iowa requires that proceeds from the sale of real estate be Projects, Physical Plant and Equipment Levy account.

Recommendation – The District should make a corrective transfer for the above. In addition, in the future, the District should implement procedures to ensure compliance with Chapter 297.22 of the Code of Iowa.

 $\underline{Response}-We \ will \ implement \ these \ recommendations.$

 $\underline{Conclusion} - Response \ acknowledged.$